

The Thirteen Colonies
Review Sheet (textbook pg. 84-108)

New England Colonies (textbook pg. 84-92)

- ❑ Why was religion important to each colony in New England? Did these colonies have similar or different views about religion?
- ❑ What did the governments of the New England colonies have in common?
 - **Massachusetts** – Puritans, Separatists, William Bradford, Mayflower Compact, Mass. Bay Company, John Winthrop, religious laws, self-government, General Court
 - **Connecticut** – Puritans, Thomas Hooker, better farmland, self-government, Fundamental Orders
 - **Rhode Island** – Puritans, Roger Williams, Anne Hutchinson, religious differences, self-government, religious tolerance
 - **New Hampshire** – John Mason, proprietary colony, later part of Massachusetts
 - **Maine** – Sir Ferdinando Gorges, proprietary colony, part of Massachusetts

Middle Colonies (textbook pg. 93-97)

- ❑ Why was leadership important to the development of the Middle Colonies? How did proprietors help shape life in the Middle Colonies?
 - **New York** – Duke of York, Peter Stuyvesant, proprietary colony, assembly, King James II, Jacob Leisler, self-government
 - **New Jersey** – Lord John Berkeley, Sir George Carteret, proprietary colony, Quakers, George Fox, self-government
 - **Pennsylvania** – William Penn, Quakers, Holy Experiment, Frame Of Government, assembly, religious tolerance, Philadelphia, self-government
 - **Delaware** – Swedes, Dutch, English, ruled by governor of Pennsylvania

Southern Colonies (textbook pg. 98-103)

- ❑ How were the Southern Colonies similar in the way they were founded?
- ❑ Were religion and self-government important in the Southern Colonies?
 - **Virginia** – Jamestown, London Company, House Of Burgesses, self-government, headright, cash crop, tobacco, indentured servants, slaves, Bacon's Rebellion
 - **Maryland** – tobacco, George Calvert, Cecilius Calvert, proprietary colony, Catholic, religious tolerance, Toleration Act of 1649
 - **The Carolinas** – proprietary colony, eight noblemen, North Carolina (small farms), South Carolina (Charleston, plantations, rice, indigo, Eliza Lucas Pinckney)
 - **Georgia** – proprietary colony, James Edward Oglethorpe, protect debtors, protect the Carolinas, limited size of farms at first, then changes

Patterns Of Settlement (textbook pg. 104-108)

- ❑ Where were port cities located? Where were plantations located? Where were small farms located?
- ❑ Why was geography important to the lifestyles of the three colonial regions?